



Verifiable C and the Verified Software Toolchain

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Styles of program verification

IDE-embedded verification tool

- annotation-enriched code
- verification carried out on intermediate form, using SAT/SMT
- assertions: expressions from the target programming language
- first-order quantification
- various verification/modeling styles, encoded e.g. as ghost state
- automated verification for correct annotations
- relationship to compiler's view of language unclear (soundness?)

VST: realization in interactive proof assistant (Coq)

- loop-invariants proof-embedded; function specs separate
- verification carried out on AST of source language
- assertions: mathematics (Gallina, dependent type theory)
- higher-order quantification
- specs can link to domain-specific theories (eg crypto, see below)
- interactive verification, enhanced by tactics + other automation
- formal soundness proof ("model") links to compiler (CompCert)

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VST : goals and methodology

Functional-correctness verification technology for C that

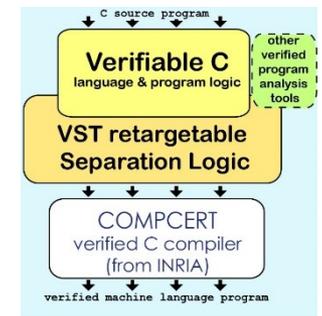
- applies to “real-world C”
 - support (almost) full C & virtually arbitrary programming styles
- permits expressive specifications and abstraction disciplines
 - e.g. custom-designed object protocols with opaque implementation invariants
 - interaction with external world (operating system, network, . . .)
 - top-to-bottom proof chains by integration with domain-specific model-level reasoning
- scales modularly to nontrivial code bases (see examples on later slides)
 - (concurrent) separation logic: 21st century variant of Hoare logic
 - semi-automated symbolic execution over abstract SL formulae inside Coq
- is foundationally justified w.r.t. the compiler’s view of C
 - soundness proof in Coq w.r.t. CompCert’s Clight language

(Current) limitations, TCB:

- main focus: partial-correctness, incl. safety (but no liveness)
- no intensional properties (time consumption, cache behavior...)
- no goto, no Duff’s device, no embedded assembly (yet)
- TCB: Coq (incl Ocaml & below)
CompCert x86/ARM/Power/RiscV but not Clight!



Main features



Floyd: forward-symbolic analysis, partial solution of side conditions using Ltac or verified decision procedures.

Concurrency (Dijkstra-Hoare + fine-grained), impredicative quantification, ...

Partial correctness + safety + limited information flow.

Expressive, modular, foundational, semi-automatic program logic for C.

Higher-order separation logic

Soundness proof for step-indexed model formalized w.r.t. operational semantics.

Clight, as formalized in CompCert

CompCert: compilation to x86-32/64, ARM, PowerPC, RiscV preserves externally visible behavior

Typical workflow

1. Write a C program

```
#include <stddef.h>

struct list {int head; struct list *tail;};

struct list *append (struct list *x, struct list *y) {
    struct list *t, *u;
    if (x==NULL)
        return y;
    else {
        t = x;
        u = t->tail;
        while (u!=NULL) {
            t = u;
            u = t->tail;
        }
        t->tail = y;
        return x;
    }
}
```

append.c

Typical workflow

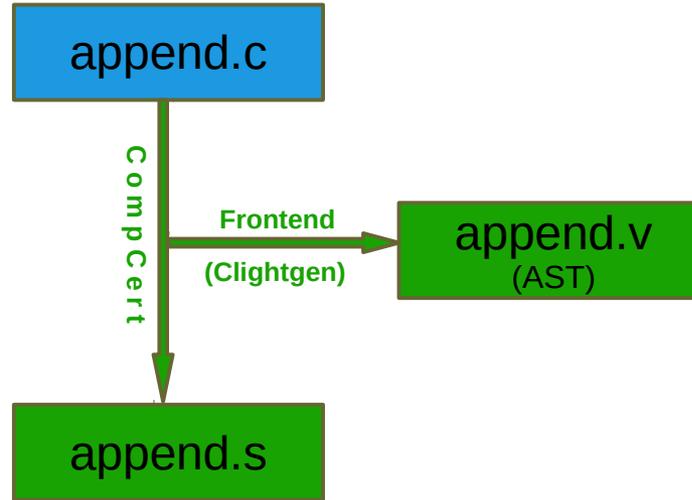
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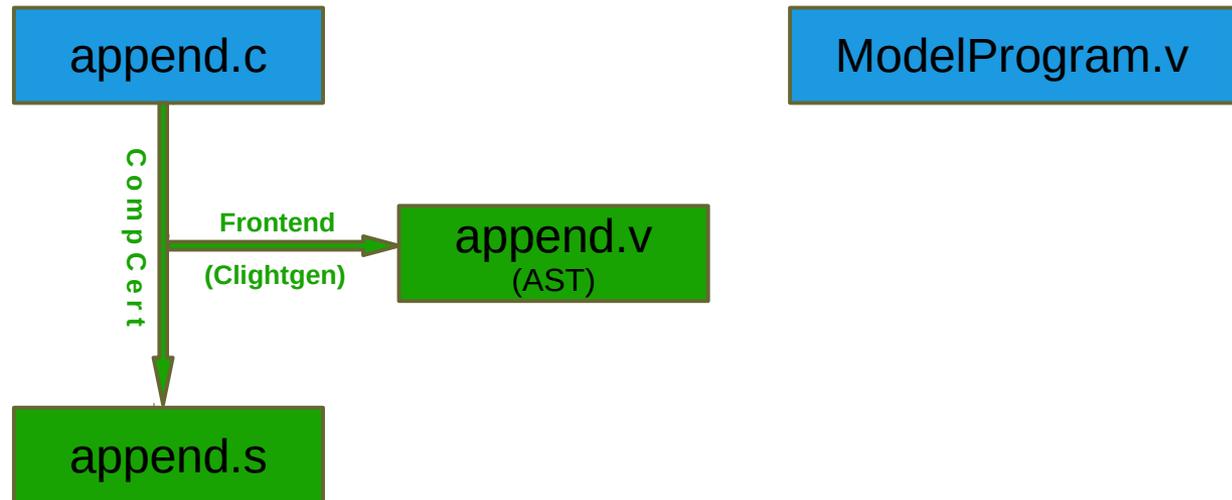
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Fixpoint app (al bl: list Z) : list Z :=
  match al with
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4. Write a VST specification

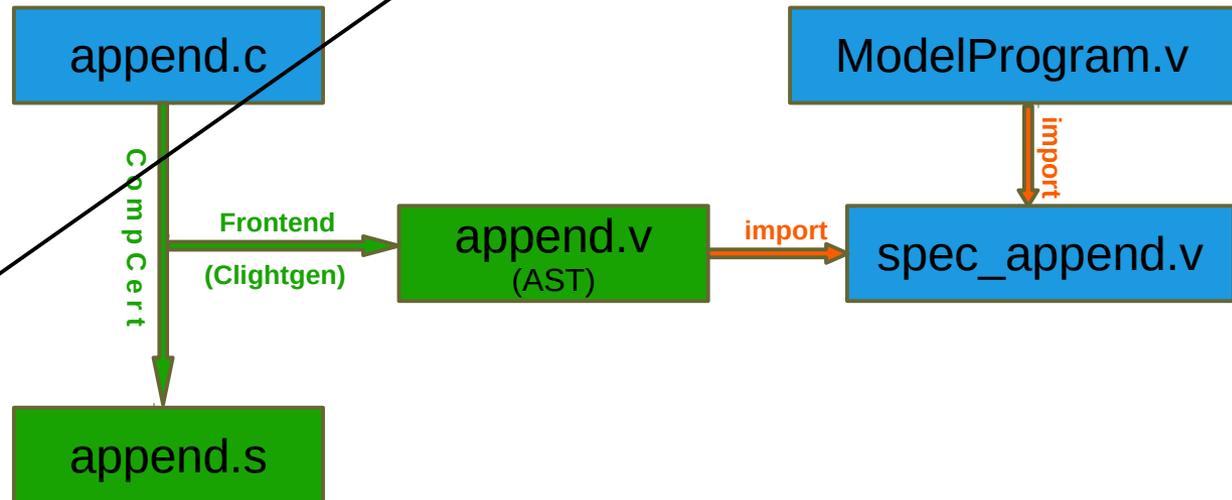
```
Definition append_spec :=
  DECLARE _append
  WITH sh : share, x: val, y: val, s1: list val, s2: list val
  PRE [ _x OF (tptr t_struct_list) , _y OF (tptr t_struct_list) ]
  PROP(writable_share sh)
  LOCAL (temp_x x; temp_y y)
  SEP [lseg _S sh s1 x nullval; lseg _S sh s2 y nullval]
  POST [ tptr t_struct_list ]
  EX r: val,
  PROP()
  LOCAL (temp_ret temp r)
  SEP [lseg _S sh (s1++s2) r nullval].
```

Aux. Variables
(arb. Coq type)

Precondition

User-defined repr. predicate

Postcondition



Statically provided

Dynamically generated

User supplied

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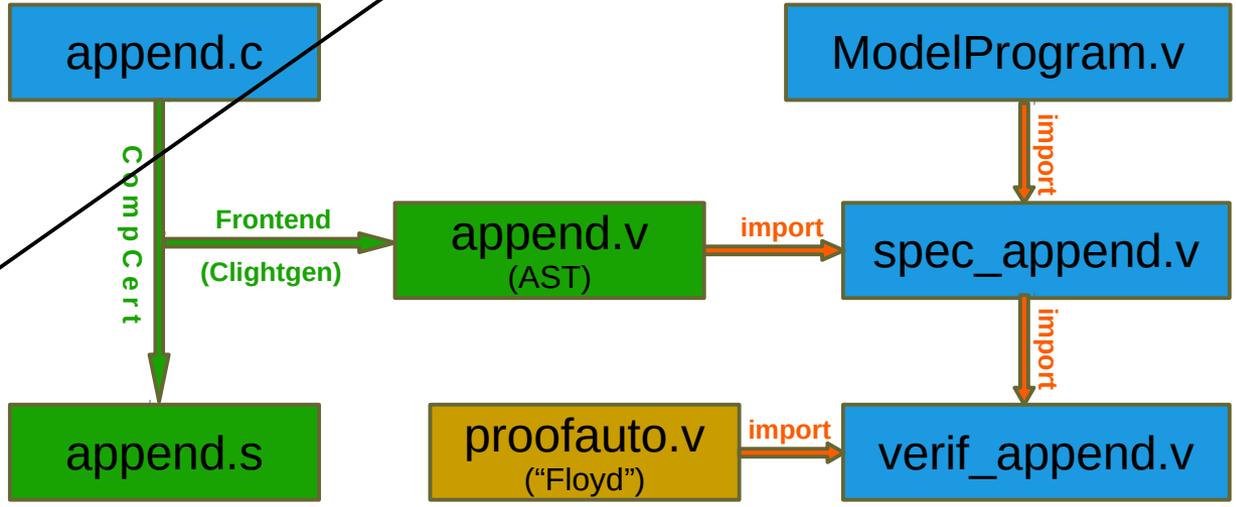
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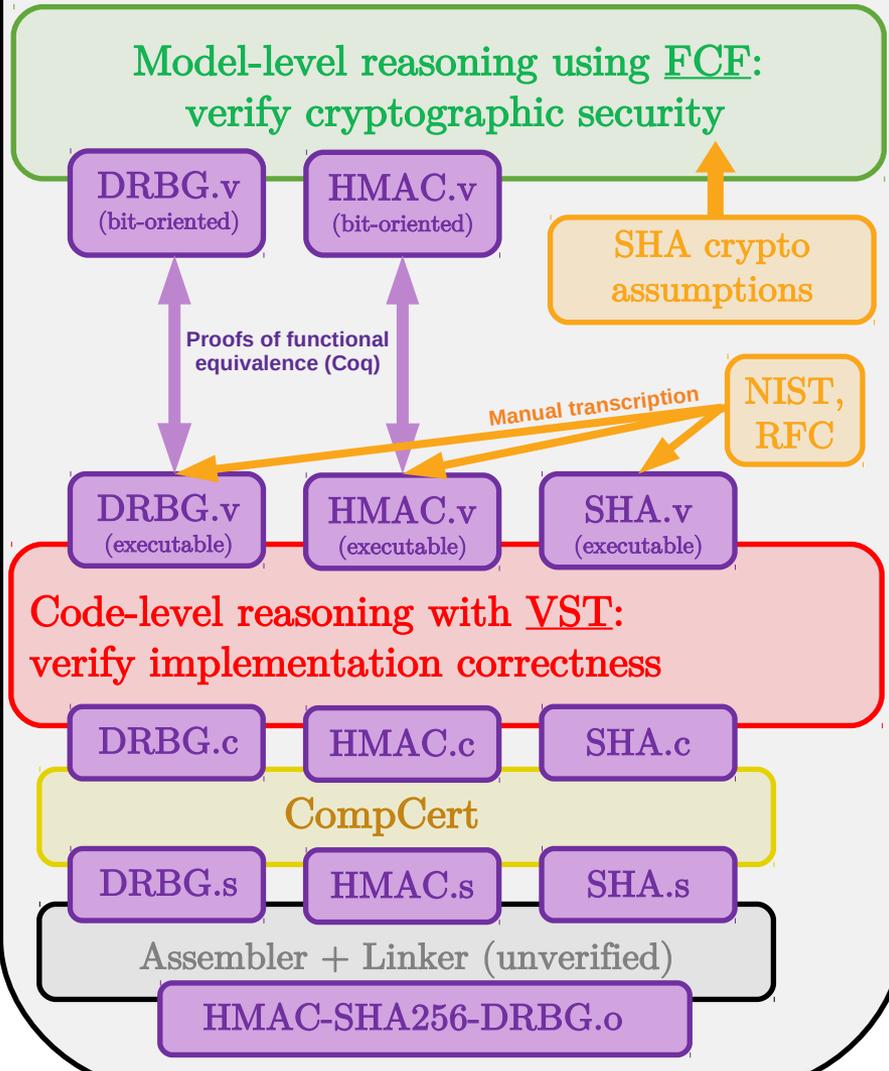


5. Prove the function body (define loop invariants on demand)

```
Lemma body_append: semax_body Vprog Gprog f_append append_spec.
Proof. start_function. ... ( proof script ) ... . Qed.
```

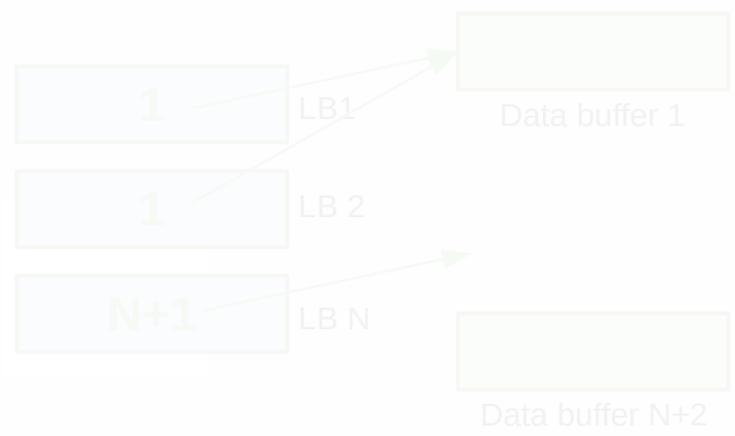
HACMS applications (also see A. Nogin's talk)

Top-to-bottom verification of crypto primitives



Nonblocking concurrency

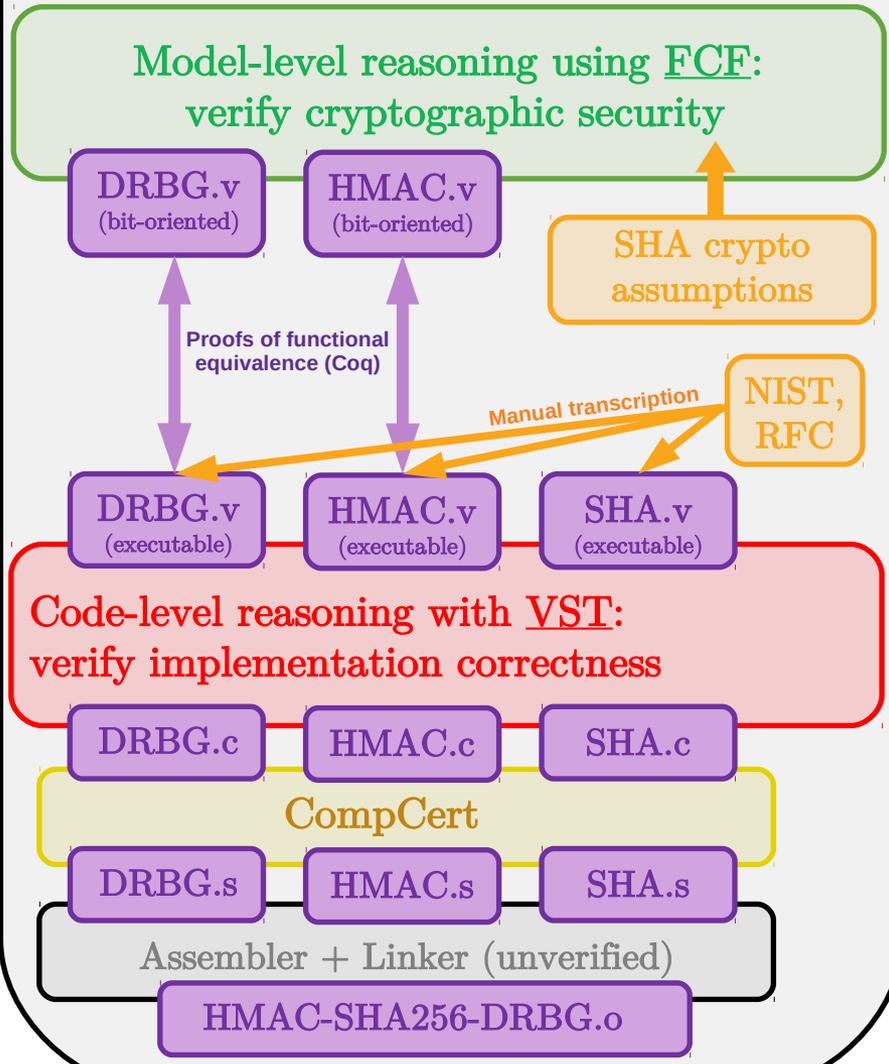
N readers, 1 writer



- 1) W selects free data buffer $0 < b < N+3$ and writes data to b
 - 2) W communicates b to all N readers using atomic exchanges to all LB's
 - 3) Reader i inspects LB_i to find location of next data item
 - 4) Reader i acknowledges receipt of b using atomic exchange "Empty" in LB_i
 - 5) Accesses to data buffers use ordinary load/store operations
- N+2: W can always find a free data buffer !

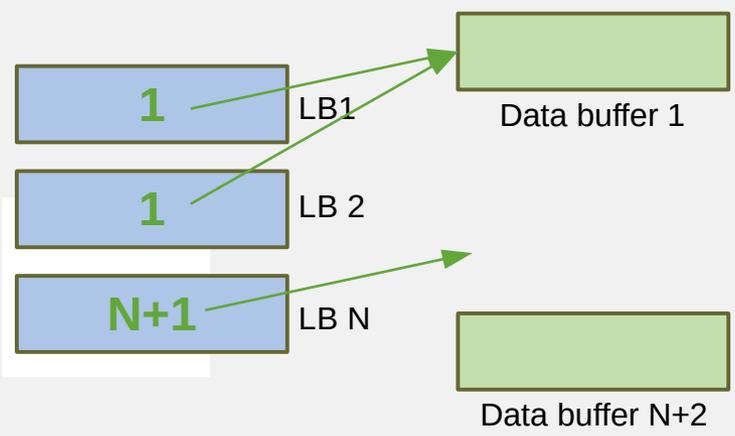
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Further case studies

Abstract data types: binary search trees (implemented by hash table)

- magic-wand-as-frame proof technique for descending into data structures

Runtime components:
malloc/free library (D. Naumann)
garbage collector (S. Wang)

External interactions: DeepSpec server

- reasoning about state of external world and operating system
(socket API specs reusable in seL4 context?)

Custom object systems:
OpenSSL hash contexts (“envelopes”)

- how to specify function pointers and general “apply” functions in C; whitebox & blackbox abstraction

External uptake & next steps



Benoit Viguiere (Nijmegen): elliptic-curve cryptography

Russel O'Connor (Blockstream): interpreter for smart-contract language



integrate functional and imperative programming in Coq!

With HRL (A. Nogin, M. Warren) and Purdue (B. Delaware): provably correct & safe data format (de)serializers

With W. Mansky (UI Chicago): search data structures with optimistic concurrency control

Try it yourself: <http://vst.cs.princeton.edu/download>

VST in context:



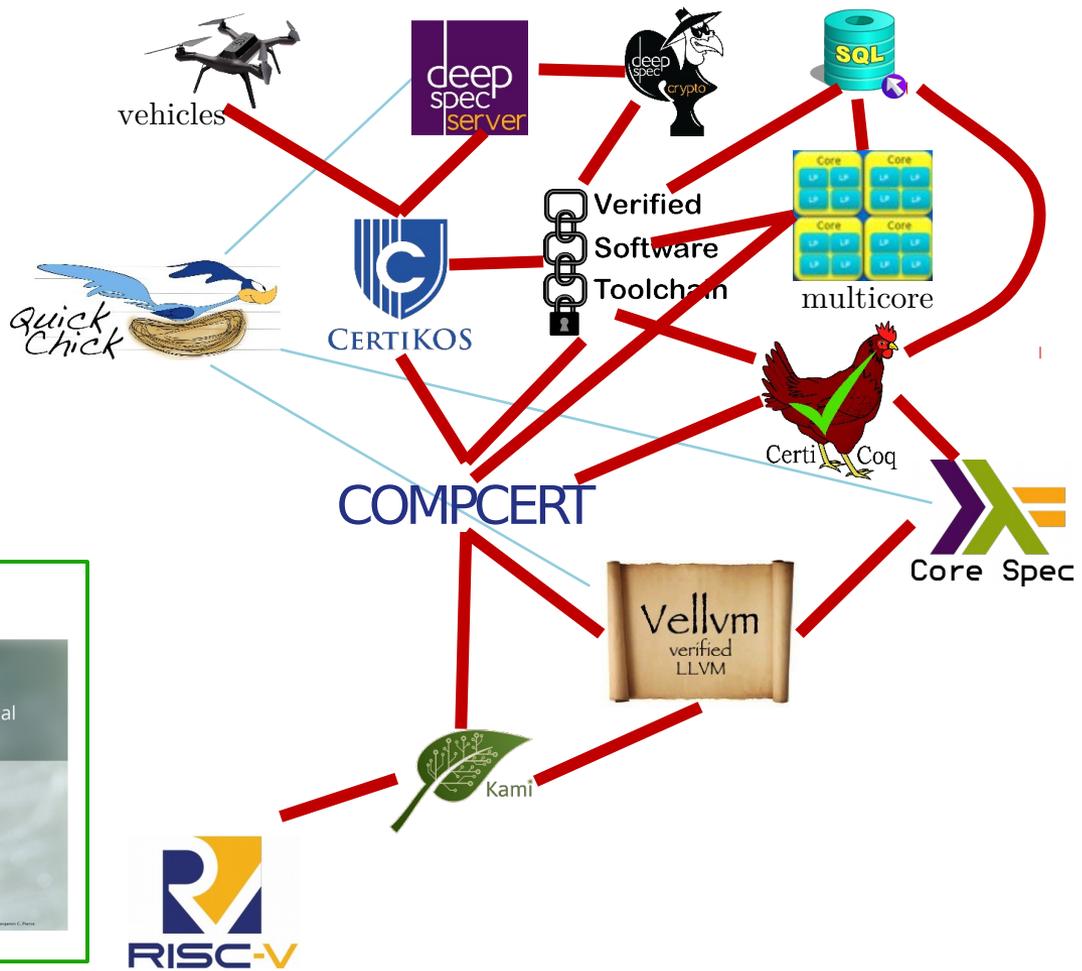
(2016 – 2020), <https://deepspec.org>

- RICH** describe complex behaviors in detail
- FORMAL** in notation with a clear semantics
- 2-SIDED** connected to clients & implementations
- LIVE** machine-checked connection to implementations

- Community building:
- summer schools '17 & '18
 - workshops at PLDI etc.

Curriculum development:

<p>SOFTWARE FOUNDATIONS</p> <p>Logical Foundations</p> <p>Benjamin C. Pierce Arthur Azevedo de Amorim Chris Cadringho Marco Gaboardi Michael Greenberg Cătălin Hriță Vilhelm Sjöberg Brent Yorgey</p>	<p>SOFTWARE FOUNDATIONS</p> <p>Programming Language Foundations</p> <p>Benjamin C. Pierce Arthur Azevedo de Amorim Chris Cadringho Marco Gaboardi Michael Greenberg Cătălin Hriță Vilhelm Sjöberg Andrew Tolmach Brent Yorgey</p>	<p>SOFTWARE FOUNDATIONS</p> <p>Verified Functional Algorithms</p> <p>Andrew W. Appel</p>
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Coq/Isabelle: the IDEs for 21st-century system stacks